

Clusternanotech LTD Nanostructured materials science Office 4, 21 Knightsbridge - SW1X 7LY London UK Company n.07961030 Capital Share: 9.080.193,00 € paid

General Manager: Bruno Cantarelli

Scientific Director: Dr. Arturo Sommariva

The analysis was conducted by the CASTALAB di Bussolati e Miti laboratory, located at Piazza Meschi 2/B, 43036 Fidenza – PR, Italy. The laboratory is registered in the Emilia-Romagna regional register under the number 008/PR/004. Technical Director: Dr. Gino Miti

General Manager: Daniele Bussolati

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		Fiderus 25/05/2023
		Spett.le GNT LAB SRI, Via Cardano 32 43036 – Fideriza –PR-
	RAPPORTO DI PR	OVA
Codice cliente: CL		
Protocolio CL 483/2023		
Data consegna: 11/05/2023;	Luogo: Laboratorio	Ora : 17:00;
Data inizio analisi: 19/05/2023;	Responsabile preferro : 0	Sliente
Oggetto: prova teorica e relative a	inalisi utilizzando i prodotti da	Voi fomiti
Campioni consegnati (DDT 1 del 1	11.05.2023)	
 Articolo T.VETZOOVDLSI 	VPRP001 - diluizione SALV	ALAT 18.75 per analisi - lotto 13123A
 Articolo T.VETZOOVDLSi 	VPRP002 - diluizione SALV/	ALAT 11.75 per analisi - lotto 13123B
Prova eseguita seguendo le indica	zioni nosvute	
Breve descrizione della preparazio	ne dei campioni ed esecuzio	ne della prova.
Per la produzione di formaggi a p	asta dura si ufilizza, per il pro	cesso di caseificazione, una coltura naturale
batteri lattici , detta siero innesto; e	questa coltura si offene natur	almente dalla rapida riproduzione , in condizi
mediamente controllate del siero d	fine lavorazione.	
I microrganismi lattici selezionati s	ono l'effetto della tecnologia	che viene applicata ed anche della temperat
di cottura (oscilla da 53 a 55°C a batteri lattici termofii con temperat	a seconda delle zone di prot une ottimali di sviluppo da 40-	tuzione); in questo modo vengono selezio 45°C
Nella prova di laboratorio che abbi	amo condotto, dal siero cotto	d fine lavorazione, ottenuto da un caseificio i
produce Parmigiano Reggiano, so	no state preparate 3 aliquote	uquali da 250 ml ; ad una è stato aggiunto 1
del prodotto in esame (articolo	001); alla seconda è stato agr	junto 1 mi del prodotto in esame (articolo 00
alla terza aliquota è stato aggiunto	1 mi di acqua (cosiddetta pro	va in bianco).
I campioni così preparati sono sta	ti incubati in termostato alla t	emperatura di 42°C (considerata ottimale pe
sviluppo dei batteri lattici termofili t	ipici del siero innesto naturale).
La prova è iniziata alle ore 10.0	0 del giorno 19/05/2023 ed	interrotta alle ore 08:00 del giorno success
20/05/2023 (simulazione di formaz	Ione del siero innesto parl a 2	2 ore).
Prima dell'incubazione sono stati-	determinati i valori di acidità i	SH e pH ; durante la giornata si è procedut
determinare, ogni due ore, il valo	re di pH per monitorare il gr	ado di acidificazione; il giorno 20/05/2023 s
proceduto all'incubazione delle pia	stre per la conta dei batteri la	tici vivi, analisi terminata 23/05/2023.





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Fidenza, 25/05/2023 To: CNT LAB SRL Via Cardano, 32 43036 – Fidenza – PR TEST REPORT Client Code: CL Protocol: CL 483/2023 Delivery Date: 11/05/2023 Location: Laboratory Time: 17:00 Analysis Start Date: 19/05/2023 Responsible for Sample Collection: Client Subject: Technical testing and related analyses using the products you provided. Samples delivered (Delivery Note DDT 1 of 11/05/2023):

CASTALAD di Dassolati e Witi anze aproindustriali e servizi :

Item T.VETZOOVDLSLVPRP001 – dilution SALVALAT 18.75 for analysis – Batch 13123°

Item T.VETZOOVDLSLVPRP002 – dilution SALVALAT 11.75 for analysis – Batch 13123B

The test was conducted in accordance with the received instructions.

Brief Description of Sample Preparation and Testing Procedure:

For the production of hard cheeses, the process of coagulation involves the use of a natural culture of lactic acid bacteria known as whey starter. This culture is naturally formed as a result of rapid bacterial multiplication under relatively controlled conditions from the whey left over after processing.

The selection of lactic acid microorganisms depends on the technology used and the heating temperature (ranging from 53°C to 55°C depending on the production region). As a result, thermophilic lactic acid bacteria are chosen, with an optimal growth temperature between 40°C and 45°C.

In the laboratory study we conducted, three equal portions of 250 ml each were prepared from heated whey obtained from a dairy producing Parmigiano Reggiano cheese:

- 1 ml of the tested product (item 001) was added to the first portion;
- 1 ml of the tested product (item 002) was added to the second portion;
- 1 ml of water was added to the third portion (control sample).

The prepared samples were incubated in a thermostat at 42°C, the optimal temperature for the development of thermophilic lactic acid bacteria characteristic of natural whey starter cultures.

The test began at 10:00 on May 19, 2023, and was completed at 08:00 on the following day, May 20, 2023, simulating whey starter formation over 22 hours.

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Scientific Director: Dr. Arturo Sommariva

Before incubation, SH acidity and pH were measured. During the day, pH measurements were taken every two hours to monitor acidity levels. On May 20, 2023, plate incubation began to count live lactic acid bacteria, and the analysis was completed on May 23, 2023.

Below are the analytical results.

Control Test (Blank Sample): Inoculation with 1 ml of sterile water Tests Conducted and Analysis Results

Date of Analysis Completion:

Time	рН	Acidity (SH°/50 ml)	Live Lactic Acid Bacteria (CFU/ml)
10:00 (start of the test)	5.82	3.10	
12:00 (after 2 hours)	5.22		
14:00 (after 4 hours)	4.82		
16:00 (через 6 часов)	4.45		
18:00 (after 8 hours)	4.07		
08:00 (after 22 hours)	3.19	32.5	
08:00 (23/05/2023)			720 000 000

est with Inoculation: T. T.VETZOOVDLSLVPRP001, Batch 13123A Tests Conducted and Analysis Results

Date of Analysis Completion:

Time	рН	Acidity (SH°/50 ml)	Live Lactic Acid Bacteria (CFU/ml)
10:00 (start of the test)	5.82	3.10	:
12:00 (after 2 hours)	5.30		:
14:00 (after 4 hours)	4.90		:
16:00 (after 6 hours)	4.58		:
18:00 (after 8 hours)	4.18		:
08:00 (after 22 hours)	3.22	31.8	:
08:00 (23/05/2023)			680 000 000

Test with Inoculation: T. T.VETZOOVDLSLVPRP002, Batch 13123B Tests Conducted and Analysis Results Date of Analysis Completion:

Time	рН	Acidity (SH°/50 ml)	Live Lactic Acid Bacteria (CFU/ml)
10:00 (start of the test)	5.82	3.10	
12:00 (after 2 hours)	5.33		
14:00 (after 4 hours)	5.02		
16:00 (after 6 hours)	4.88		
18:00 (after 8 hours)	4.38		
08:00 (after 22 hours)	3.27	29.5	
08:00 (23/05/2023)			580 000 000

Brief Comment

The number of live lactic acid bacteria varies from 720 million (an excellent value) in the control sample to 580 million in the whey to which product ___002 was added.

The acidity, expressed in SH degrees, reached a final value of 32.5 (control sample) and 29.5 (_002). The pH values indicate low buffering capacity in all samples.

Milk Coagulation Test

The result must exceed 500,000 CFU of lactobacilli, indicating an excellent outcome.

The analyses demonstrate that both products (001 and 002) surpass the minimum threshold of 500,000 CFU/ml:

- Product 001: 680 million CFU/ml
- Product 002: 580 million CFU/ml

Both products meet the requirements and are suitable for use in the production of hard cheeses.

Explanation of the Milk Coagulation Test Results Purpose of the Test

To verify the ability of products T.VETZOOVDLSLVPRP001 and T.VETZOOVDLSLVPRP002 to stimulate the growth of lactobacilli Trading Office: 68 Craven Park Road London N15 6AB

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necessary for producing hard cheeses such as Parmigiano Reggiano. To pass the test, the level of live lactobacilli must exceed 500,000 CFU/ml.

Conclusion

The products meet the requirements. They stimulate the growth of lactobacilli at levels sufficient for use in cheese production.

Product 001 shows the best results among the tested products and can be recommended for further application.

Client Code: CL Protocol: CL 483/2023

For additional clarifications, please contact us. Technical Director: Dr. Gino Miti General Manager: Daniele Bussolati

Note

Sample collection, if performed by the laboratory, is carried out in accordance with internal procedures (IO01-IO01.2-IO01.4, latest editions). Sampling is not subject to accreditation, except in cases involving swabs and air analysis in work environments, performed in accordance with the methodologies ISO 18593 and UNI EN 13098 in their latest editions.

The results of this report are valid only for the analyzed samples and may not be partially reproduced without the laboratory's written permission. If the sample collection was performed by the client, the analytical result pertains to the sample in the state in which it was received.

Testing-related uncertainties are available at the laboratory along with the analysis methodology; if necessary, they are expressed with a coverage factor K=2 and a confidence level of 95%.

The results of microbiological tests are presented in accordance with the ISO 7218 standard, latest edition.

The laboratory disclaims all responsibility for information provided by the client.

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Business relationships: Kariné Musailova